

2018 Credit for Contributions to Private School Tuition Organizations

For information or help, call one of the numbers listed:

Phoenix (602) 255-3381
From area codes 520 and 928, toll-free (800) 352-4090

Tax forms, instructions, and other tax information

If you need tax forms, instructions, and other tax information, go to the department's website at www.azdor.gov.

Income Tax Procedures and Rulings

These instructions may refer to the department's income tax procedures and rulings for more information. To view or print these, go to our website and click on *Reports and Legal Research* then click on *Legal Research* and select a *document* and *category* type from the drop down menus.

Publications

To view or print the department's publications, go to our website and click on *Reports and Legal Research* then click on *Publications*.

General Instructions

NOTE: You *must* also complete Arizona Form 301, Nonrefundable Individual Tax Credits and Recapture, and include Forms 301 and 323 with your tax return to claim this credit.

Arizona law provides a credit for cash contributions made to a private school tuition organization (STO) that provides scholarships or grants to qualified schools.

This credit is available **only** to individuals. Corporations may not claim this credit. A partnership may not pass the credit through to its partners. An S corporation may not pass the credit through to its shareholders.

The credit is equal to the amount of cash contributed up to the maximum amount allowed. For 2018, the maximum amount of credit that a taxpayer can establish for the current taxable year is \$555 for single taxpayers or heads of household. For married taxpayers that file a joint return, the maximum credit that can be established for the current taxable year is \$1,110. In most cases, for married taxpayers who file separate returns, each spouse may claim only **one-half** (½) of the credit that would have been allowed on a joint return.

NOTE: The maximum amount of credit established for the current taxable year does **not** include any unused valid carryover amount(s) from prior taxable years. Because this is a nonrefundable credit, the total amount of available credit [current year plus any valid carryover amount(s)] that a taxpayer may use for the taxable year cannot be greater than the tax liability shown.

A cash contribution for which a credit is claimed and that is made on or before the fifteenth day of the fourth month following the close of the taxable year may be applied to either the current or preceding taxable year and is considered to have been made on the last day of that taxable year.

For calendar year filers, eligible cash contributions made to a private STO from January 1, 2019, to April 15, 2019, may be used as a tax credit on either the 2018 or 2019 Arizona income tax return.

If the allowable tax credit is more than your tax or if you have no tax, you may carry the unused credit forward for up to the next 5 consecutive taxable years' income tax liability.

A private STO is an organization that meets **all** of the following:

- The organization is tax exempt under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC).
- The organization allocates at least 90% of its annual revenue from contributions to educational scholarships or tuition grants.
- The organization makes its scholarships or grants available to students of more than one qualified school.

A "qualified school" means a preschool that offers services to students with disabilities, nongovernmental primary or a secondary school that is located in Arizona. The school cannot discriminate on the basis of race, color, handicap, familial status, or national origin and requires all teaching staff and personnel that have unsupervised contact with students to be fingerprinted. A qualified school does not include a charter school or programs operated by a charter school. The primary school must begin with kindergarten and the secondary school must end with grade 12.

In the case of a preschool that offers services to students with disabilities, a "student with disabilities" is a student who has any of the following conditions:

- hearing impairment,
- visual impairment,
- developmental delay,
- preschool severe delay, or
- speech and/or language impairment.

NOTE: The Arizona Department of Revenue is required to certify STOs. The department maintains a list of currently certified STOs on its website at www.azdor.gov.

To qualify for the credit all cash contributions must be made to a certified STO. To determine if your cash contributions made in 2018 and/or 2019, qualify for this credit, you should verify that the STO you made a contribution to is certified. For a list of STOs certified to receive cash contributions for the individual income tax credit, see the department's website.

Your cash contribution to the STO will not qualify for the credit if you designate the cash contribution for the direct benefit of your dependent. For Arizona purposes, "dependent" has the same meaning provided in § 152 of the IRC. For purpose of this credit, it does not matter if you qualify to take the dependent deduction.

NOTE: *Your cash contribution will also not qualify if you designate a student beneficiary as a condition of your contribution to the STO. Also, the tax credit is not allowed if you agree with another person to designate each other's contributions to the STO for the direct benefit of each other's dependent, a practice commonly known as swapping.*

You cannot claim both a tax credit and an itemized deduction for the amount of contributions made to a private STO for which you are claiming a credit.

If you claim this credit in 2018 for a cash contribution made from January 1, 2019, to April 15, 2019, you must make an adjustment on your Arizona Form 140 Schedule A, Form 140PY Schedule A(PY) or A(PYN), or Form 140NR Schedule A(NR) filed in 2019.

Before claiming this credit, make sure the STO issues you a receipt for the contribution. The receipt should show **all** of the following:

- name and address of the STO,
- name of the taxpayer,
- amount paid,
- date paid, and
- the tax year for which you will claim the contribution.

Please keep this receipt with your tax records. For more information on school tax credits, see the department's publication, Pub 707, *School Tax Credits*.

NOTE: *You may be able to make credit eligible contributions to a STO through payroll withholding. Check with your employer to see if your employer has agreed to withhold contributions that qualify for this credit from your pay.*

Line-by-Line Instructions

Enter your name and Social Security Number (SSN) as shown on Arizona Forms 140, 140PY, 140NR, or 140X.

All returns, statements, and other documents filed with the department require a taxpayer identification number (TIN). The TIN for an individual is the taxpayer's SSN or an Internal Revenue Service (IRS) individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN). Taxpayers that fail to include their identification number may be subject to a penalty.

Part 1 - Current Year's Credit

NOTE: *If you are married and filing separate returns, be sure to include all cash contributions made by you and your spouse.*

A. Cash contributions made January 1, 2018, through December 31, 2018

Lines 1, 2, and 3 -

Enter the following for each private STO to which you made contributions from January 1, 2018, through December 31, 2018, and for which you are claiming a current year's credit on your return.

- name of the private STO,
- street address of the private STO,

- location (city and state) of the private STO, and
- the amount of cash contributions made from January 1, 2018, through December 31, 2018.

NOTE: *Do not include those cash contributions that you made from January 1, 2018, through April 17, 2018, for which you claimed a credit on your 2017 tax return.*

If you made cash contributions to more than three private STOs, complete the Continuation Sheet. The schedule should show the same information required on lines 1, 2, and 3 for each of the additional STOs to which you made cash contributions.

Line 4 -

Enter the amount from line 4h of the Continuation Sheet; otherwise enter "0".

Line 5 -

Add lines 1 through 4, column (d) and enter the total.

B. Cash contributions made January 1, 2019, through April 15, 2019, for which you or your spouse are claiming a credit on the 2018 tax return

NOTE: *If you are married and filing separate returns, be sure to include all cash contributions made by you and your spouse.*

Lines 6, 7, and 8 -

Enter the following for each private STO to which you made contributions from January 1, 2019, through April 15, 2019, for which you are claiming a credit on your 2018 tax return.

- name of the private STO,
- street address of the private STO,
- location (city and state) of the private STO, and
- the amount of contributions made from January 1, 2019, through April 15, 2019.

If you made cash contributions to more than three private STOs, complete the Continuation Sheet on page 3 of the form and include it with the credit form.

Line 9 -

Enter the amount from line 9h of the Continuation Sheet; otherwise enter "0".

Line 10 -

Add lines 6 through 9, column (d). Enter the total.

Line 11 -

Add lines 5 and 10. Enter the total.

Line 12 -

Single taxpayers and taxpayers filing as head of household, enter \$555. Married taxpayers enter \$1,110.

Line 13 - Current Year's Credit

Enter the smaller of line 11 or line 12. If you are married filing a separate return, but you could have filed a joint return, you may take only one-half of the total credit that you and your spouse would have been allowed to take on a joint return, up to a maximum of \$555 each. In this case, enter one-half (½) of the smaller of line 11 or line 12.

NOTE: *If you made contributions that total more than the allowable current year's credit on Form 323, you may claim a credit on Arizona Form 348 for some or all of the contributions that exceed the maximum allowable amount. To determine if you have excess contributions available to claim a credit on Form 348, complete Part 4 of Form 323. For additional information see Form 348.*

Part 2 - Available Credit Carryover

Lines 14 through 19 -

Use lines 14 through 19 to figure your total available credit carryover from taxable years 2013 through 2017. Complete lines 14 through 19 if you claimed this credit on a return for one of these years and the credit was more than your tax.

NOTE: *You may carry over only that portion of the credit that you do not apply to tax. You cannot carry over any amount that you gave that was more than the amount allowed as a credit. See the example at the end of these instructions.*

- In column (b) enter the credit originally computed for that taxable year listed in column (a).
- In column (c) enter the amount of the credit from that taxable year which you have already used.
- Subtract the amount in column (c) from column (b) and enter the difference in column (d).
- Add the amounts entered on lines 14 through 18 in column (d).

Enter the total on line 19, column (d).

Part 3 - Total Available Credit

Line 20 -

Enter the amount from Part 1, line 13. Also, enter this amount on Form 301, Part 1, line 13, column (a).

Line 21 -

Enter the amount from Part 2, line 19, column (d). Also, enter this amount on Form 301, Part 1, line 13, column (b).

Line 22 -

Add line 20 and line 21. Enter the total. Also, enter this amount on Form 301, Part 1, line 13, column (c).

Part 4 - Do I Have Excess Contributions Available to Claim on Arizona Form 348?

Complete Part 4, lines 23 through 25, to determine if you have excess contributions available to claim a credit on Arizona Form 348, *Contributions to Certified School Tuition Organization – Individuals*.

NOTE: *Married taxpayers filing a separate return - be sure to enter **one-half** (½) of the total amount of contributions made during the taxable year by you **and** your spouse on line 9.*

Line 23 -

Enter the total amount of contributions made during the taxable year:

- Single taxpayers, heads of household and married taxpayers filing a joint return; enter the total amount from Part 1, line 11.
- Married taxpayers filing separate; enter one-half (½) of the total amount from Part 1, line 11.

Line 24 -

Enter the maximum credit allowed on Form 323:

- Single taxpayers and heads of household; enter \$555.
- Married taxpayers filing joint; enter \$1,110.
- Married taxpayers filing separate; enter \$555.

Line 25 – Excess Contributions:

Subtract line 24 from line 23 and enter the difference. If less than zero, enter “0”.

If the amount on line 25 is more than zero, you have excess contributions available and may claim a credit on Form 348 for those contributions.

If the amount on line 25 is “0,” you do not have any excess contributions available to claim on Form 348.

EXAMPLE: During 2018, Mary, a single person, gave \$1,400 to a private STO. For 2018, Mary is allowed a maximum credit on Form 323 of \$555. Mary’s 2018 tax liability is \$400. Mary may apply \$400 of the \$555 credit claimed on Form 323 against her 2018 tax liability. Mary may carryover the unused credit of \$155 to her 2019 income tax return. Mary may not claim a credit on Form 323 for the \$845 gift that was more than the allowable credit (\$1,400 minus allowable credit of \$555).

However, Mary may claim a credit on Arizona Form 348 for the contribution made to the private STO that was more than the \$555 allowable credit. The credit Mary may claim on Form 348 cannot exceed the maximum credit allowed on that form.

To compute that credit, Mary must complete Form 348 in addition to Form 323. Mary must also complete Arizona Form 301. For 2018, Mary would compute her available credit for Form 323 as follows.

2018 total contribution made to STOs		\$1,400
2018 maximum allowable credit claimed on Form 323		\$ 555
Mary’s 2018 tax liability	\$ 400	
Less: available tax credit - Form 323	\$ 400	
Balance of tax	\$ 0	
Carryover available for 2019 from Form 323 (\$555 minus \$400)	\$ 155	
Contribution available to calculate the allowable credit on Form 348 (\$1,400 minus \$555). Mary must complete Arizona Form 348 to figure that credit.		\$ 845